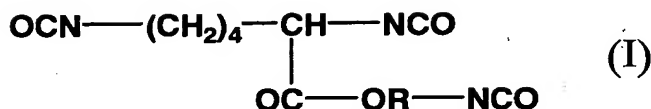


CLAIMS

1. A lysine ester triisocyanate represented by general formula (I):

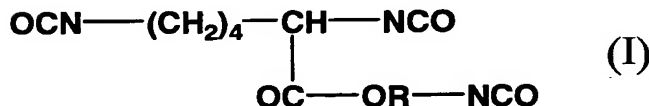


(wherein R represents lower alkylene), characterized in that the change in a hue value (APHA) of the lysine ester triisocyanate is 20 or less when it is stored for two weeks at 40°C in a nitrogen atmosphere under blocking light.

2. The lysine ester triisocyanate according to Claim 1, wherein R is ethylene.

3. The lysine ester triisocyanate according to Claim 1 or 2, wherein the hue value (APHA) before storage is 50 or less.

4. A process for producing a lysine ester triisocyanate represented by general formula (I):



(wherein R has the same meaning as defined above), which comprises a step of bringing a mixture comprising the lysine ester triisocyanate represented by the general formula (I) into contact with activated carbon at a temperature of 10°C

to 40° C.

5. The process for producing a lysine ester triisocyanate according to Claim 4, wherein the mixture comprising the lysine ester triisocyanate represented by general formula (I) has a hue value (APHA) of 100 or more.

6. The process for producing a lysine ester triisocyanate according to Claim 4 or 5, wherein the mixture comprising the lysine ester triisocyanate represented by general formula (I) is a reaction mixture obtained by reacting its corresponding triamine or a salt thereof with phosgene.

7. The process for producing a lysine ester triisocyanate according to any one of Claims 4 to 6, wherein after the step of bringing a mixture comprising the lysine ester triisocyanate represented by general formula (I) into contact with activated carbon, a step of subjecting the resulting mixed liquid to thin-film distillation is carried out.